

Amersham

Attention: Radiation Safety Officer

Sulphur-35 labelled amino acids have recently been discovered to emit volatile compounds due to radiolytic decomposition. Amersham has completed comparative studies of different methionines in their applications laboratories.

Results of the experiments show that the quantity of volatile material emitted from Sulphur-35 methionine is relative to product purity and the presence of a stabilizer. Amersham's stabilized Sulphur-35 methionine has shown a significant reduction in volatility over other available Sulphur-35 methionines.

Radiation safety is a concern for all laboratory personnel. Seldom does the opportunity arise for the RSO to clearly demonstrate the care that must be taken when handling radioactive materials. Please use the attached information to assist you in your commitment to a safe working environment.

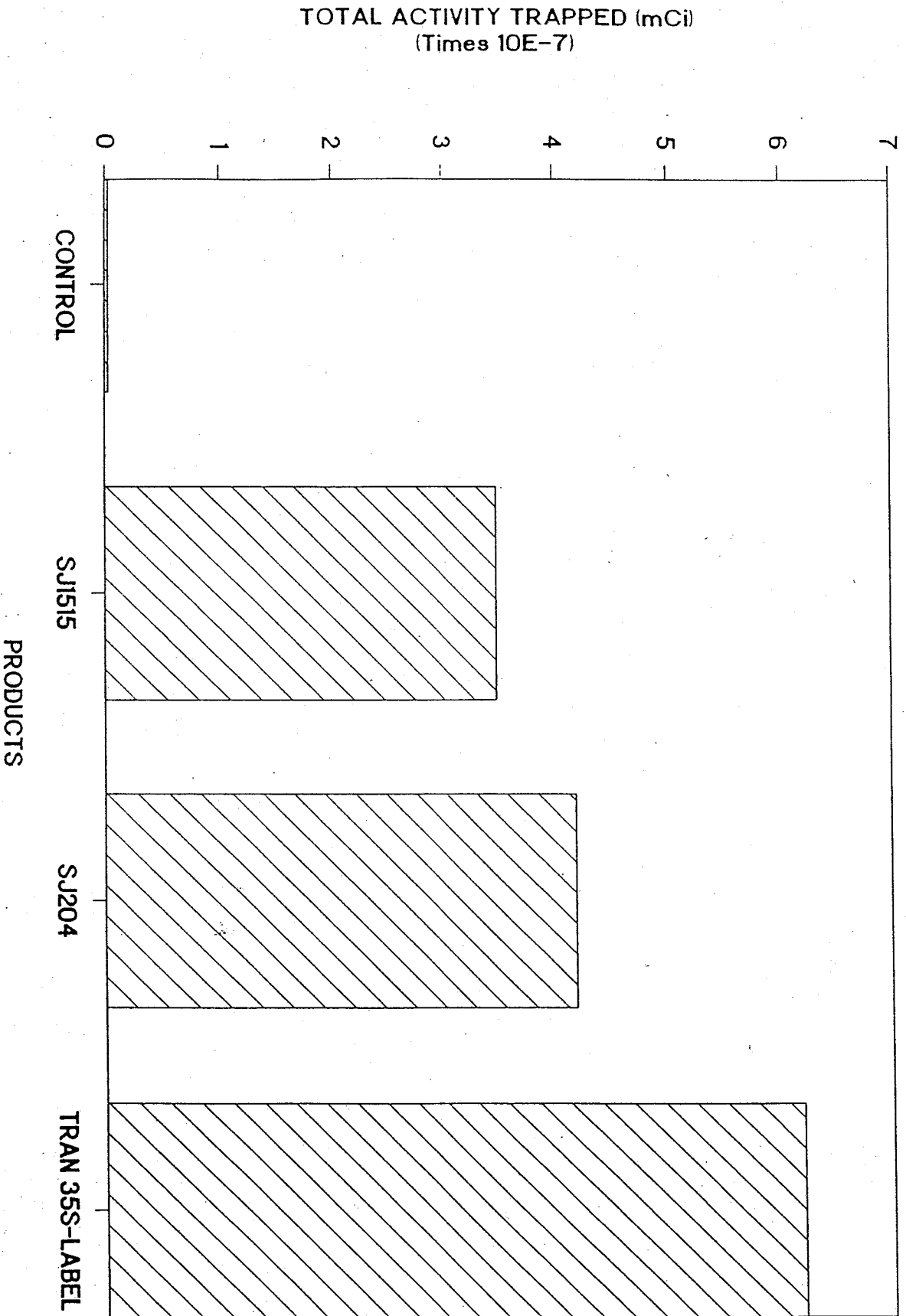
If you require additional information or technical support please call Amersham Canada at 847-1166 or 1-800-387-7146

THE PRODUCTS

- SJ.1515 Amersham's L-[³⁵S] methionine
Aqueous solution stabilized with
0.1% 2-mercaptoethanol and
15 mM pyridine 3,4-dicarboxylic acid.
50 mci/ml
> 1000 Ci/mmol
- SJ.204 Amersham's L-[³⁵S] methionine
20 mM Potassium acetate solution
containing 0.1% 2-mercaptoethanol.
> 800 Ci/mmol.
- NEG-009T NEN's L-[³⁵S] methionine
Translation Grade
10 mM 2-mercaptoethanol
under nitrogen
> 800 Ci/mmol
- NEG-009A NEN's L-[³⁵S] methionine
Translation Grade
50 mM Tricine and 10 mM 2-mercaptoethanol
> 800 Ci/mmol
- Tran³⁵S-label ICN's L-[³⁵S] methionine: L-[³⁵S] cysteine,
metabolic labelling reagent
derived from 35S E. coli hydrolysate
> 1000 Ci/mmol

35S METHIONINE VOLATILITY

PRODUCT COMPARISONS (ALONE)



35S METHIONINE IN CELL CULTURE

PRODUCT COMPARISONS IN MAMMALIAN CELLS

